

1. Because Abraham believed God’s promise, He considered him to be righteous (4:1-5)

- In God’s eyes, no one can be proud of their own attempts to _____ righteousness (1-2)
- Abraham was _____ with righteousness simply because he believed. (3)
- Unlike wages paid by an employer, righteousness is God’s response to the faith of a person who has done _____ to deserve it (4-5)

2. Righteousness only comes through imputation (4:6-8)

- Christ’s _____ is credited (6)
- _____ sins are forgiven (7)
- _____ sins will not be credited (8)

3. Righteousness can’t be earned through a religious ritual or through law-keeping (4:9-17)

- It can’t be through religious ritual, since Abraham was credited with righteousness _____ he was circumcised (9-12)
- It can’t be through law-keeping, since that only brings _____ (13-15)
- Salvation by faith makes _____ accessible to anyone who believes (16-17)

4. Abraham’s experience reveals what faith is (4:18-22)

- Faith is _____ (18)
- Faith requires honesty about our _____ (19-20)
- Faith is being fully persuaded that God is _____ to do what He says He will do (4:21-22)

5. If we believe, God will do the same thing for us that He did for Abraham (4:23-25)